

HICO Mission Planning and Operations

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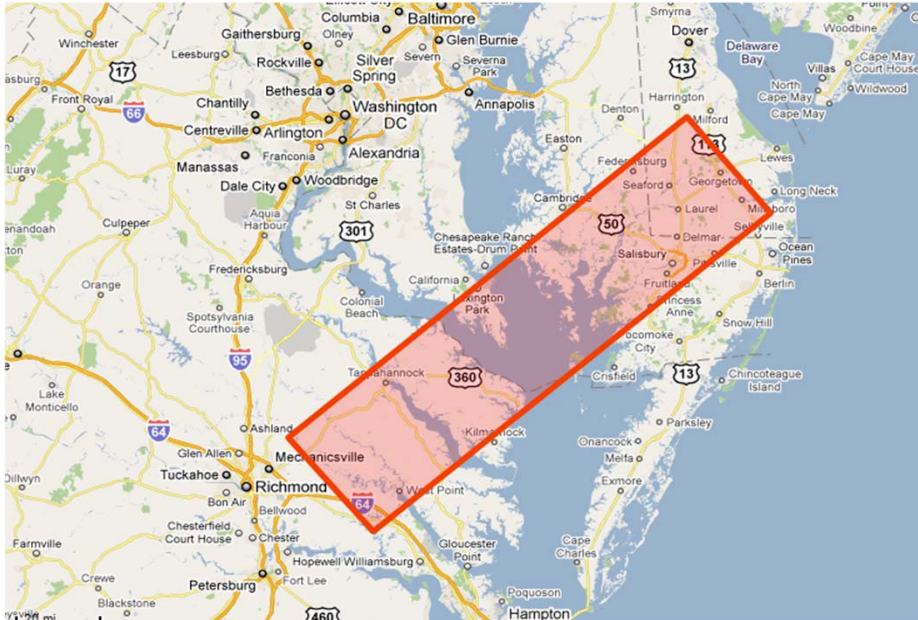
Selecting Targets: Part 1

- Request through OSU web site
- Choose coordinates for image center (may need multiple targets to cover area of interest)
 - HICO swath simulator (shows image box for nadir view angle)
- Names: describe location, abbreviate if possible (i.e. FortPierceInlet_FL)
- Latitude range: +/- ~52 deg
- ~2 weeks to get new targets into system from the time NRL-DC receives target info

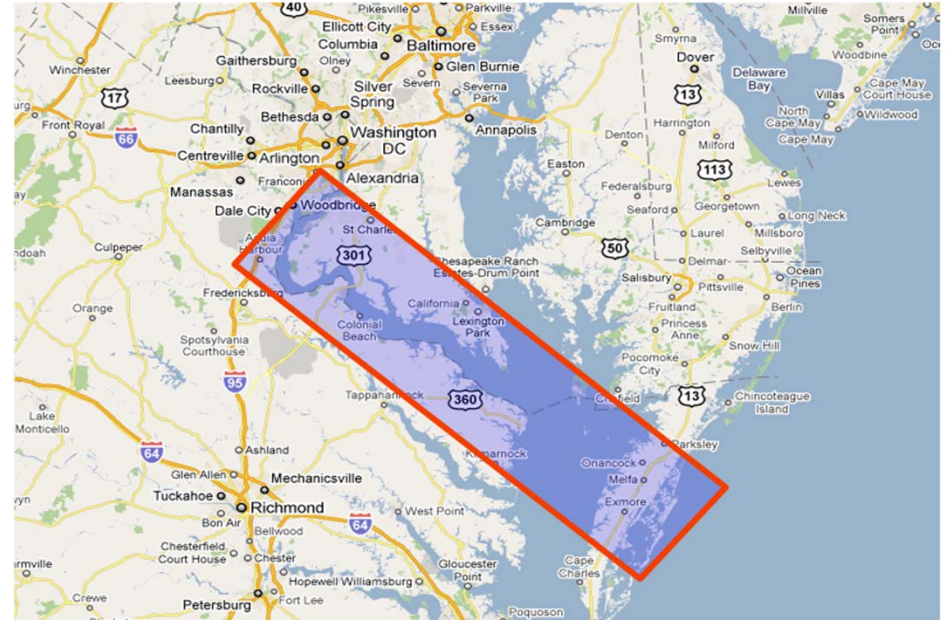


Selecting Targets: Part 2

Ascending Pass

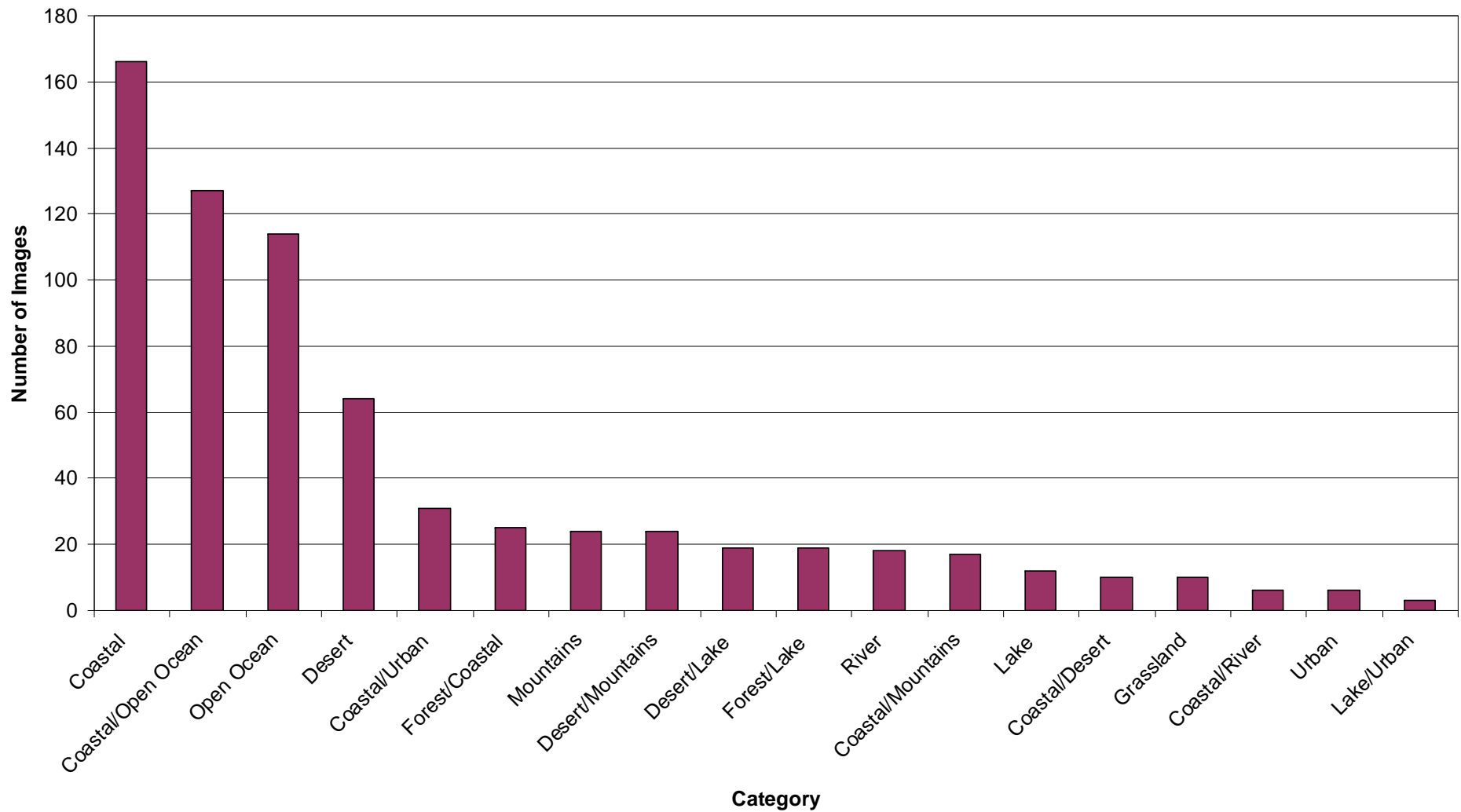


Descending Pass



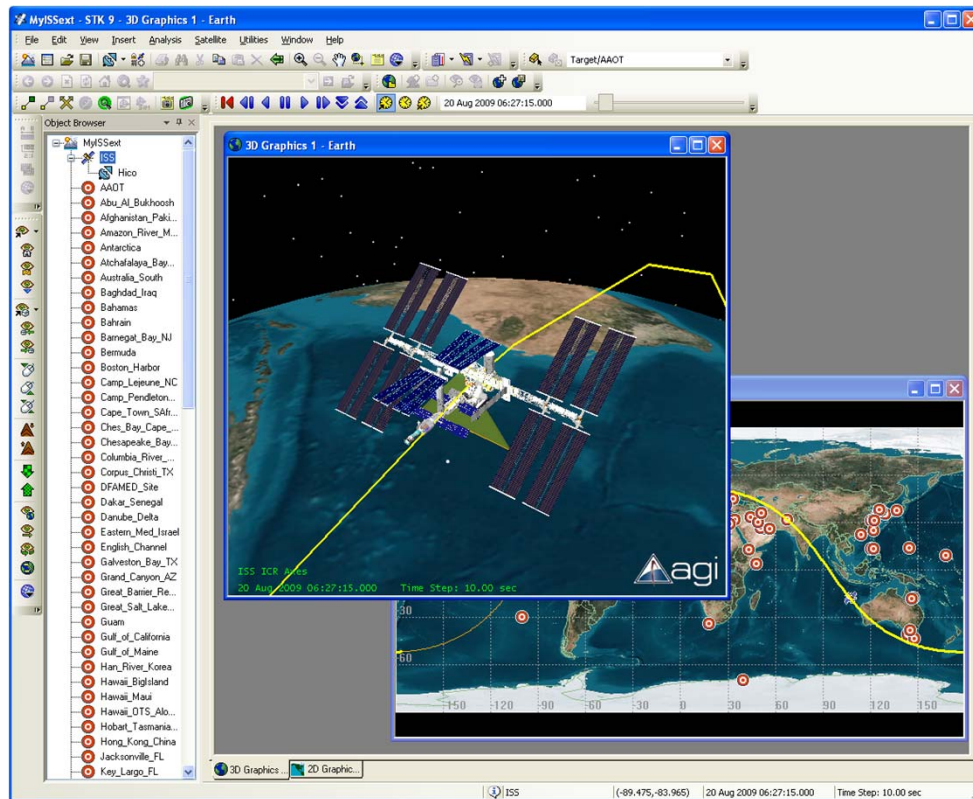
- Ascending/Descending passes
 - 1 set of coordinates is appropriate for some targets
 - Other targets have 2 sets of coordinates (TargetName_asc, TargetName_des)
 - Sometimes only 1 set of coordinates for a target that is only to be imaged during one type of overpass

Usable HICO Images
(as of 30 August 2010)



Scheduling and Commanding

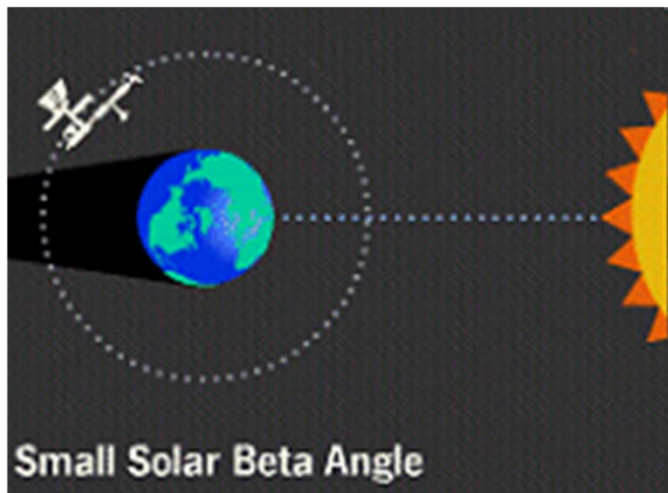
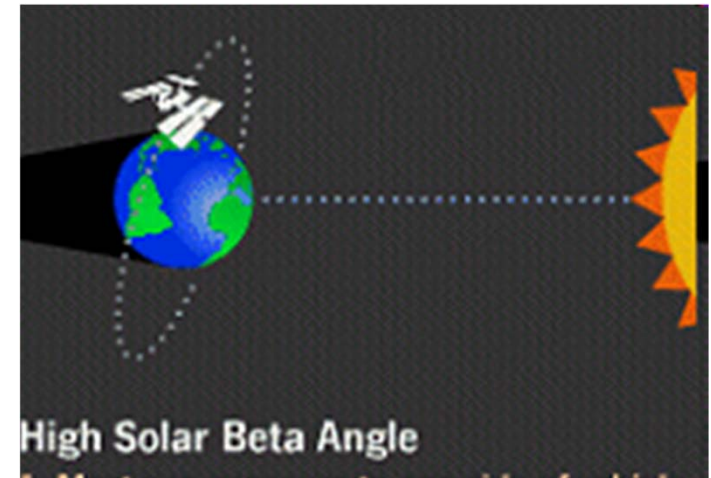
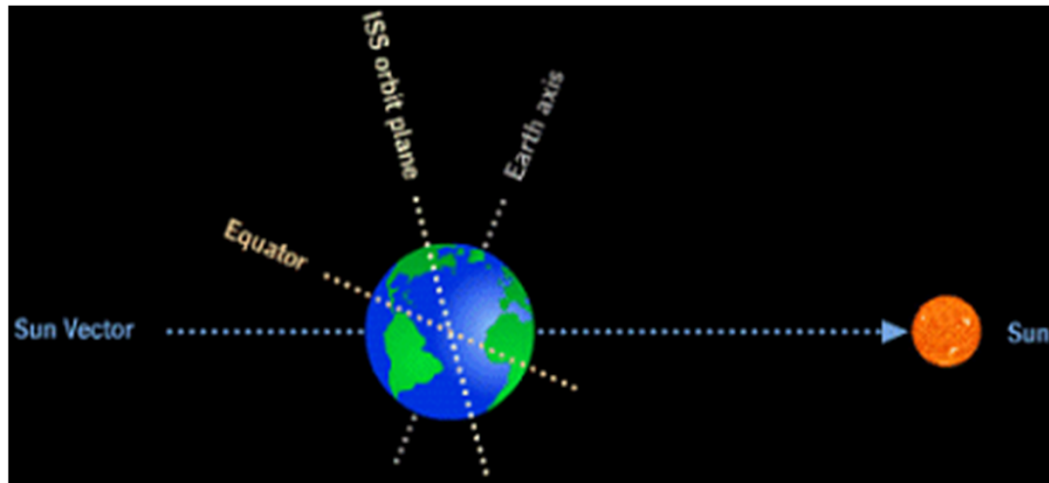
Satellite Tool Kit (STK)
Analytical Graphics Inc.
220 Valley Creek Blvd, Exton, PA 19341



- STK calculates all possible observations in a particular time period by combining:
 - targets
 - ISS predicted attitude
 - ISS predicted ephemeris
 - HICO FOR
 - light/activity constraints
- Planning Committee determines which targets will be imaged
 - 1 image/orbit
 - Schedule generated 1-2 weeks ahead of time
- Commands uploaded daily (weekdays only)
 - Using most recent predicted ISS attitudes & ephemerides
 - Updated 3x/week
 - Include time and pointing angle
 - No real-time commanding

Scheduling Constraints

Images from: <http://suzymchale.com/ruspace/issnav.html>



- Timing
 - Target request to image collect
 - Min: ~2 weeks
 - Max: Depends on orbit, target priorities, etc
 - Image take to data release
 - ~4-7 days
- ISS orientation
 - +XVV (flying forward)
 - -XVV (flying backward)
- Revisit time
 - Depends on latitude, drag, orbit adjustments, lighting, etc
 - Not Sun-synchronous, polar orbit
- Solar Beta angle
 - Measured from orbital plane to Sun vector
 - High angle precludes HICO from taking imagery for lengthy period of time

Mr. Murphy



Tokyo Bay, Feb 3, 2011

What happened to my data?

1. No image
 - ISS activities: command not sent (~14%)
 - Computer lockup/motor pos error: image not taken (~21%)
 - Frequent soft reboots
 - Requestor will be notified
2. Image file exists, but looks funny
 - Image is missing data packets
 - If downlink was interrupted, retransmit to retrieve full image
 - Solar panels got in the way
 - Usually only happens during low sun angle periods (<1%)
 - Clouds
 - Pointing/wander issues...
 - Requestor will receive data files



Broad Bay, NZ Feb 10, 2011

Pointing Ability: Part 1

- Not related to geo-correction
- By the time the imagery is taken attitude and position predictions are hours to days old
 - Attitude predictions are for the mean Torque Equilibrium Attitude (TEA)
 - |Actual mean – predicted mean| in roll, pitch, and yaw are $\sim 0.1^\circ$
 - Oscillations about TEA of about $\pm 0.3^\circ$ about each axis
 - Position predictions (updated 3x/week)
 - Accuracy affected by atmospheric drag (LEO), ISS maneuvers and solar activity
 - Typically the targeted location is near the center of the image
 - Monday, 2011 Jan 24 images: almost missed the targeted point (in the along track direction) due to 2 ISS maneuvers between predicted ephemeris release and image times
- Different clocks on the ISS slightly affect the positioning of the target within an image
- Pixel size and scene boundaries are also affected by off-nadir pointing angle and altitude of the ISS (periodically re-boosted)

Take home message: repeated images of the same location will not have the same spatial boundaries and this is principally due to the accuracy of the ISS orbital ephemeris prediction.

Pointing Ability: Part 2

Examples of variations in scene boundaries: Tokyo Bay



2011 Jan 08
Saturday
Alt: 352 km
VZA: 2.3°



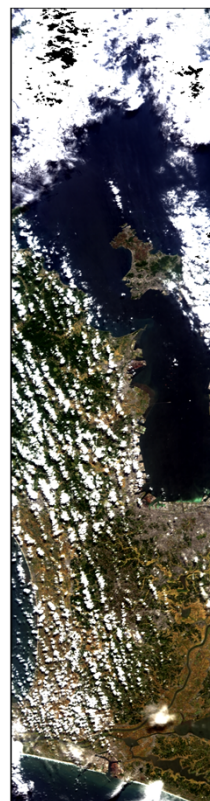
2011 Jan 04
Tuesday
Alt: 352 km
VZA: 22°



2010 Nov 09
Tuesday
Alt: 357 km
VZA: 6.1°



2010 Nov 05
Friday
Alt: 357 km
VZA: 19°



2010 Sep 09
Thursday
Alt: 353 km
VZA: 15°



2010 Sep 05
Sunday
Alt: 355 km
VZA: 41°



2010 May 30
Sunday
Alt: 343 km
VZA: 12°

Summary

- What we need
 1. Target coordinates and name, if new site
 2. Timeframe of requested observations (ex. March 15 – April 15), if applicable
- What we will do
 1. Enter new targets in STK model
 2. Schedule imaging opportunities and notify requestor
 3. Send data files or notify requestor if image was not taken